



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

duty, disobedience of orders, or where the good of the service requires it, they may severally be peremptorily suspended or discharged by the county health officer.

SEC. 8. *Sanitary districts.*—The county of New Hanover and the city of Wilmington shall be divided by the county health officer into such sanitary districts as may be deemed necessary, subject to the approval of the county board of health, and there shall be assigned to each district one of the county sanitary police appointed by the board of health: *Provided*, The said county health officer shall have the power and authority to transfer from one district to another any such sanitary police officer so appointed by the county board of health as in his judgment may seem best.

Nuisances. (Reg. Bd. of H., Sept. 8, 1914.)

SEC. 9. *Nuisances defined.*—Whatever is dangerous to human life or health; whatever renders the air, or food, or water, or other drink unwholesome; whatever building, erection, structure, or cellar or part thereof is overcrowded or not provided with adequate means of ingress or egress, or is not sufficiently supported, ventilated, drained, cleaned, or lighted; all ponds of stagnant water; all cellars and foundations of houses whose bottoms contain stagnant and putrid water; all dead and putrified animals lying about the roadways, lanes, streets, alleys, docks, vacant lots, or yards, or upon the surface of the ground within the county; all privies, except water-closets properly maintained and connected with a sanitary sewer, without proper receptacles thereunder (which shall be water proof and tight for collecting deposits), or which are unscreened against flies, or which are within 40 feet of any occupied house or dwelling or part thereof or which are maintained in violation of health measures; all installations of plumbing that are illegal or unsanitary; all choked sewers and house drains; all slaughter houses within the city of Wilmington, or where outside of said city which are not erected and maintained as hereinafter provided; all docks, the bottoms of which are alternately wet and dry by the ebbing and flowing of the tide; all accumulations of vegetable and animal substances undergoing putrefactive fermentation; all pig pens, horse stables, and cow stables within the city of Wilmington and the village of Wrightsville Beach, except as otherwise provided for in these regulations; all wells and cisterns from which water for drinking and other domestic purposes may be obtained which shall show on three successive examinations the evidence of pollution, are declared to be nuisances; and every person, firm, or corporation aiding in creating or contributing to the same or who support, continue, or retain any of the same, shall be deemed guilty of a violation of this regulation and shall also be liable for the expense of the abatement and remedy therefor.

Garbage, Refuse, and Offal—Disposal of. (Reg. Bd. of H., Sept. 8, 1914.)

SEC. 10. *Excreta, carrion, waste, disposal of.*—It shall be unlawful to place, pour, throw, deposit, or convey by drain or gutter into or upon any street, alley, wharf, or other public place, or into or upon any yard or premises, or to bury beneath the surface of the soil within the limits of the county of New Hanover any dead animal, carcass, human body, or part thereof, carrion, offal, human excrement, filth, putrid or decaying animal matter, or other substance or matter offensive to the smell or injurious to health without first obtaining from the board of health written permission so to do, the location to be specified in such permission: *Provided*, That nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the proper burial of dead persons in any cemetery properly set apart for such purpose. Any violation of this section, and every person, firm, or corporation inducing, causing, suffering, or otherwise aiding or abetting any such violation shall be subject to a penalty of \$50 for each and every such offense.

SEC. 11. *Garbage, swill, receptacles, disposal of.*—No house refuse, swill, slops, decaying vegetable matter, or organic waste substance of any kind shall be thrown from any window or be otherwise deposited on or in any lot, street, ditch, gutter, or other public